The Gaugino Code

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Outline

- Basic questions: moduli stabilization and scale of Supersymmetry breakdown
- A large hierarchy creates a little hierarchy
- Mirage Mediation
- Distinct "compressed" pattern of soft terms
- Some remarks on fine tuning
- Robust prediction for gaugino masses
- The Gaugino Code
- Identification of string schemes
- Conclusions and outlook

Two Basic Questions

- origin of the small scale?
- stabilization of moduli?

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Recent progress in

moduli stabilization via fluxes in warped compactifications of Type IIB string theory

(Dasgupta, Rajesh, Sethi, 1999; Giddings, Kachru, Polchinski, 2001)

generalized flux compactifications of heterotic string theory

(Becker, Becker, Dasgupta, Prokushkin, 2003; Gurrieri, Lukas, Micu, 2004)

combined with gaugino condensates and "uplifting"

(Kachru, Kallosh, Linde, Trivedi, 2003)

Mediation schemes

Supersymmetry is broken in a hidden sector and we have a variant of so-called gravity mediation

tree level dilaton/modulus mediation

(Derendinger, Ibanez, HPN, 1985; Dine, Rohm, Seiberg, Witten, 1985)

 radiative corrections in case of a sequestered hidden sector (e.g. anomaly mediation)

(Randall, Sundrum, 1999)

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The importance of the mechanism to adjust the cosmological constant has only been appreciated recently

(Choi, Falkowski, HPN, Olechowski, Pokorski, 2004)

Fluxes and gaugino condensation

Is there a general pattern of the soft mass terms?

We always have (from flux and gaugino condensate)

 $W = \text{something} - \exp(-X)$

where "something" is small and X is moderately large.

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 $W = \text{something} - \exp(-X)$

where "something" is small and X is moderately large.

In fact in this simple scheme

 $X \sim \log(M_{\text{Planck}}/m_{3/2})$

providing a "little" hierarchy.

(Choi, Falkowski, HPN, Olechowski, Pokorski, 2004)

Mixed Modulus Anomaly Mediation

The contribution from "Modulus Mediation" is therefore suppressed by the factor

 $X \sim \log(M_{\text{Planck}}/m_{3/2})$

Numerically this factor is given by: $X \sim 4\pi^2$.

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Thus the contribution due to radiative corrections e.g. "Anomaly Mediation" becomes competitive, leading to a Mixed Modulus-Anomaly-Mediation scheme.

For reasons that will be explained later we call this scheme

MIRAGE MEDIATION

(Loaiza, Martin, HPN, Ratz, 2005)

The little hierarchy

 $m_X \sim \langle X \rangle m_{3/2} \sim \langle X \rangle^2 m_{\text{soft}}$

is a generic signal of such a scheme

- moduli and gravitino are heavy
- gaugino mass spectrum is compressed

(Choi, Falkowski, HPN, Olechowski, 2005; Endo, Yamaguchi, Yoshioka, 2005; Choi, Jeong, Okumura, 2005)

such a situation occurs if SUSY breaking is e.g. "sequestered" on a warped throat

(Kachru, McAllister, Sundrum, 2007)

Mirage Unification

Mirage Mediation provides a

characteristic pattern of soft breaking terms.

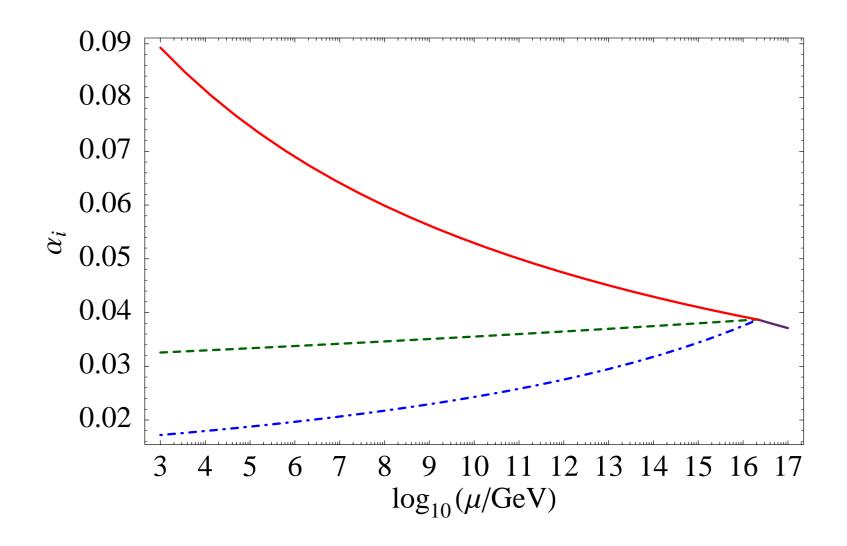
To see this, let us consider the gaugino masses

 $M_{1/2} = M_{\text{modulus}} + M_{\text{anomaly}}$

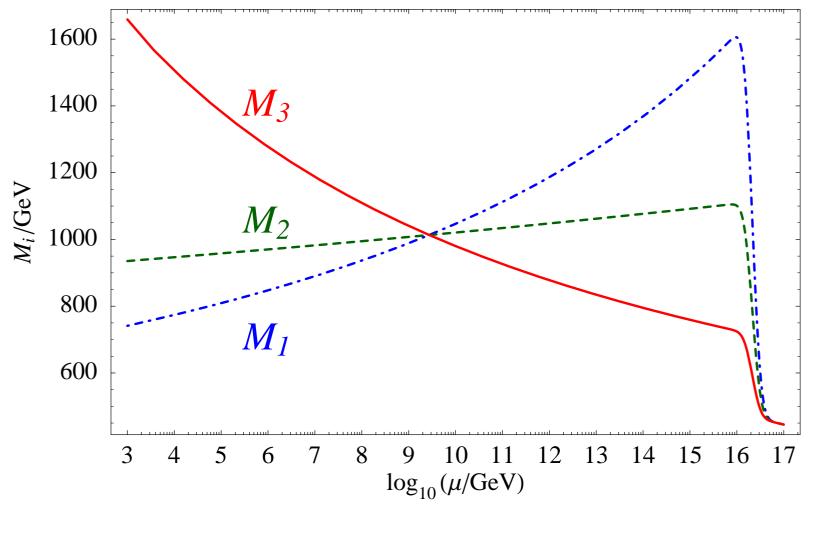
as a sum of two contributions of comparable size.

- M_{anomaly} is proportional to the β function, i.e. negative for the gluino, positive for the bino
- thus M_{anomaly} is non-universal below the GUT scale

Evolution of couplings



The Mirage Scale



(Lebedev, HPN, Ratz, 2005)

The Mirage Scale (II)

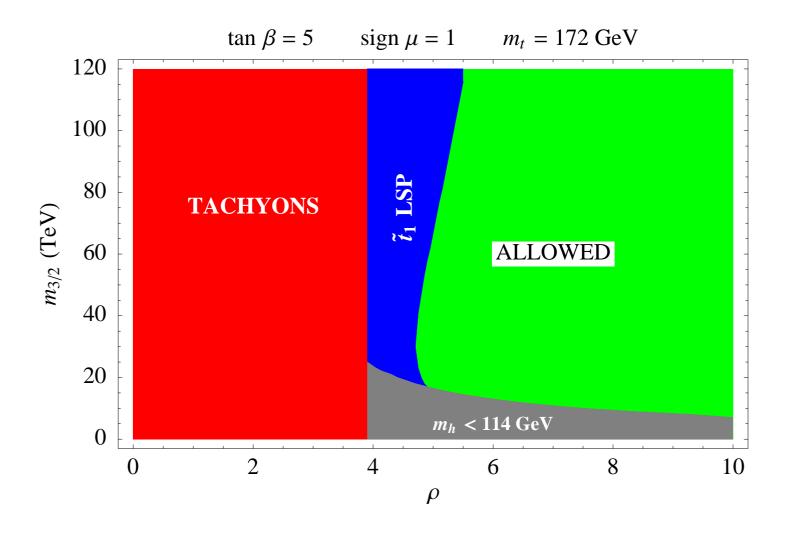
The gaugino masses coincide

- above the GUT scale
- at the mirage scale $\mu_{\rm mirage} = M_{\rm GUT} \exp(-8\pi^2/\rho)$

where ρ denotes the "ratio" of the contribution of modulus vs. anomaly mediation. We write the gaugino masses as

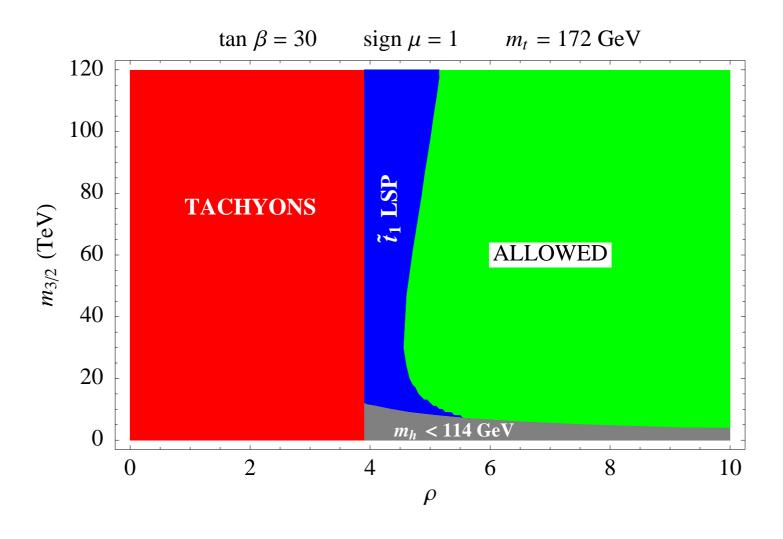
$$M_a = M_s(\rho + b_a g_a^2) = \frac{m_{3/2}}{16\pi^2}(\rho + b_a g_a^2)$$

and $\rho \rightarrow 0$ corresponds to pure anomaly mediation.



(Löwen, HPN, Ratz, 2006)

Constraints on ρ



(Löwen, HPN, Ratz, 2006)

The "MSSM hierarchy problem"

The scheme predicts a rather high mass scale

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One might worry about a fine-tuning to obtain

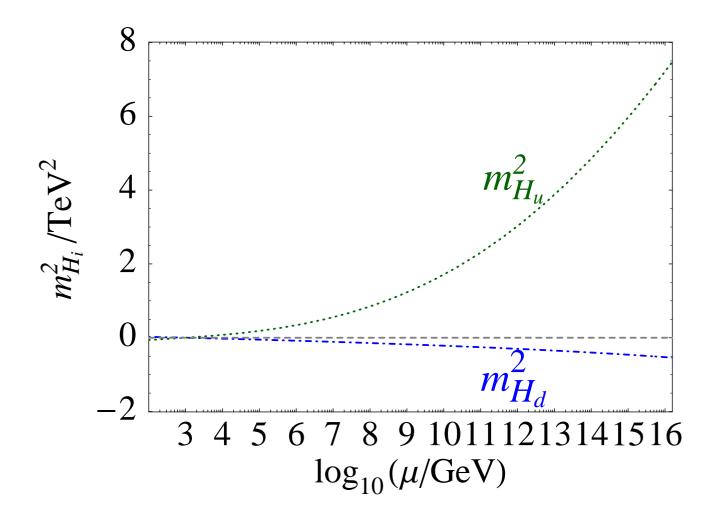
the mass of the weak scale around 100 GeV from

$$\frac{m_Z^2}{2} = -\mu^2 + \frac{m_{H_d}^2 - m_{H_u}^2 \tan^2 \beta}{\tan^2 \beta - 1} ,$$

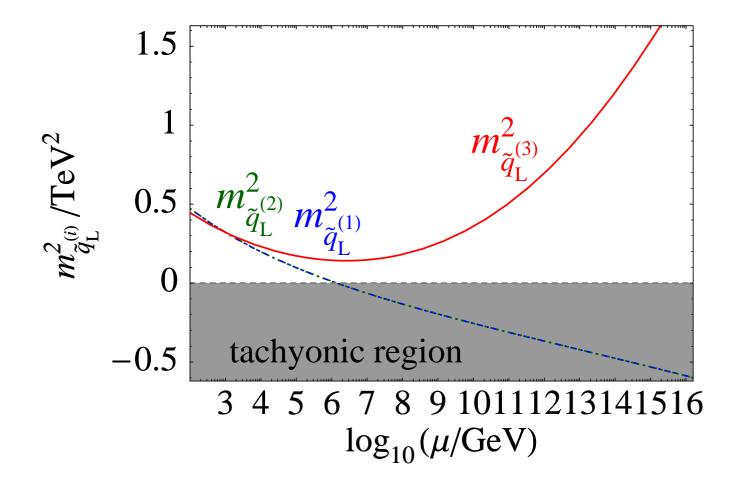
and there are large corrections to $m_{H_u}^2$

(Choi, Jeong, Kobayashi, Okumura, 2005)

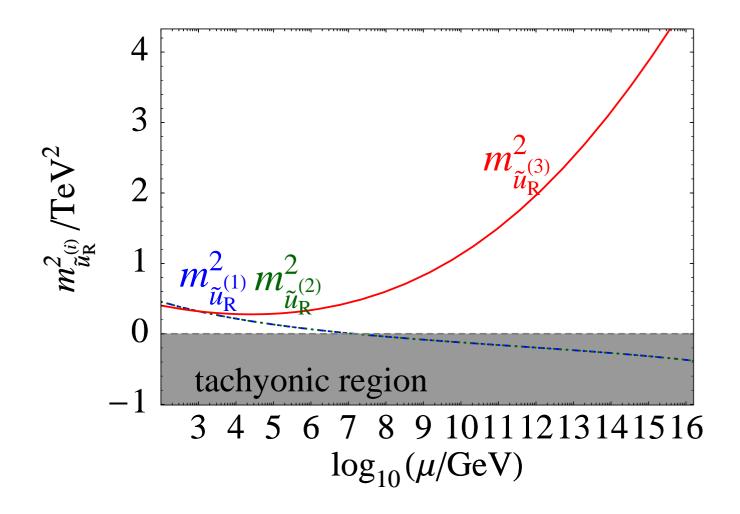
Evolution of Higgs masses



Evolution of Squark masses



Evolution of Squark masses



The "MSSM hierarchy problem"?

The influence of the various soft terms is given by

$$m_Z^2 \simeq -1.8\,\mu^2 + 5.9\,M_3^2 - 0.4\,M_2^2 - 1.2\,m_{H_u}^2 + 0.9\,m_{q_L^{(3)}}^2 + 0.7\,m_{u_R^{(3)}}^2 - 0.6\,A_t\,M_3 + 0.4\,M_2\,M_3 + \dots$$

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Mirage mediation improves the situation

- especially for small ρ
- because of a reduced gluino mass and a "compressed" spectrum of supersymmetric partners

(Choi, Jeong, Kobayashi, Okumura, 2005)

 explicit model building required (Kitano, Nomura, 2005; Lebedev, HPN, Ratz, 2005; Pierce, Thaler, 2006; Dermisek, Kim, 2006; Ellis, Olive, Sandick, 2006; Martin, 2007)

Explicit schemes I

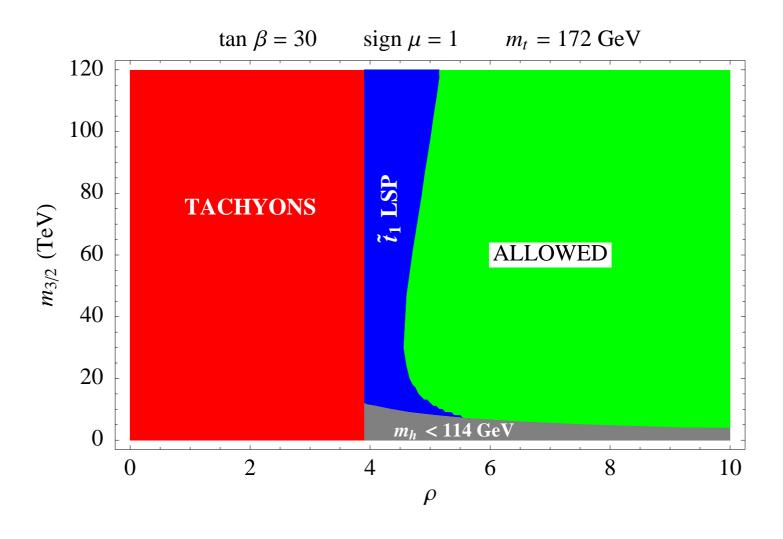
The different schemes depend on the mechanism of uplifting:

uplifting with anti D3 branes

(Kachru, Kallosh, Linde, Trivedi, 2003)

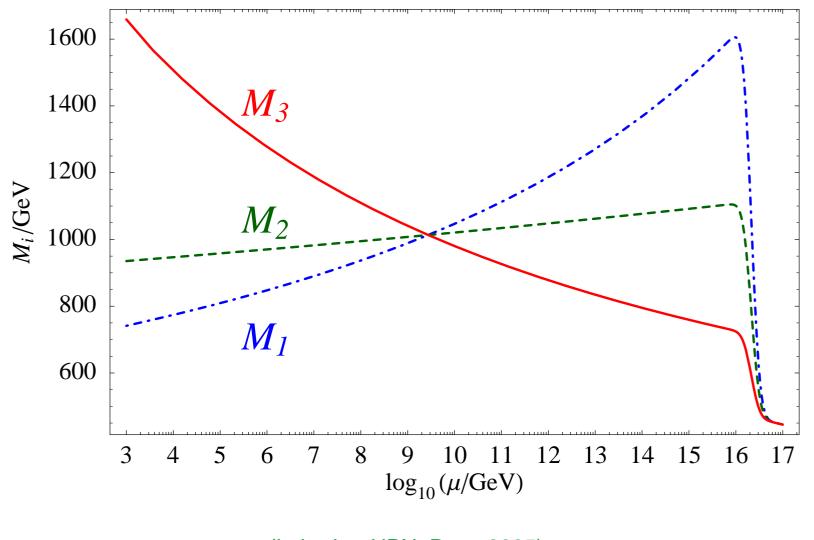
- $\rho \sim 5$ in the original KKLT scenario leading to
- a mirage scale of approximately 10¹¹ GeV
- This scheme leads to pure mirage mediation:
 - gaugino masses and
 - scalar masses
- both meet at a common mirage scale

Constraints on ρ



(Löwen, HPN, Ratz, 2006)

The Mirage Scale



(Lebedev, HPN, Ratz, 2005)

Explicit schemes II

uplifting via matter superpotentials

(Lebedev, HPN, Ratz, 2006)

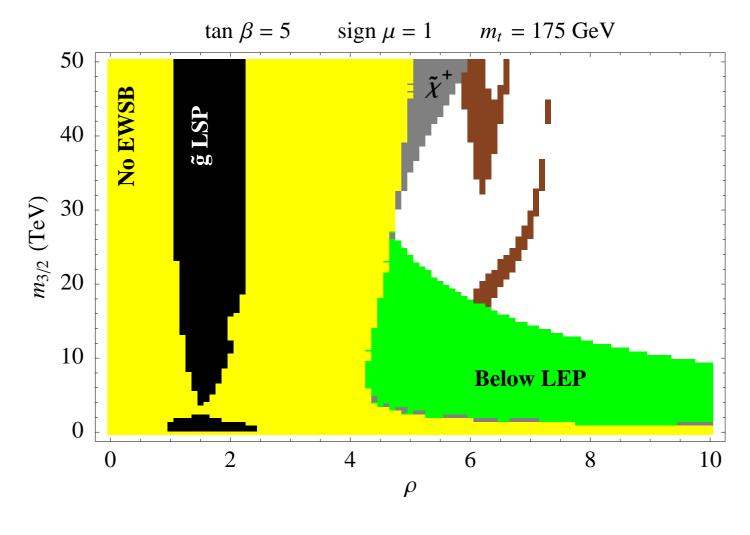
- \checkmark allows a continuous variation of ρ
- leads to potentially new contributions to sfermion masses

Explicit schemes II

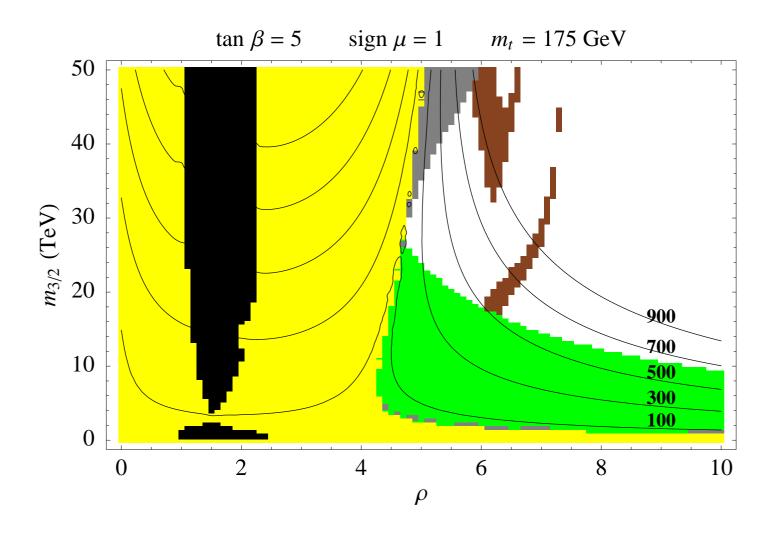
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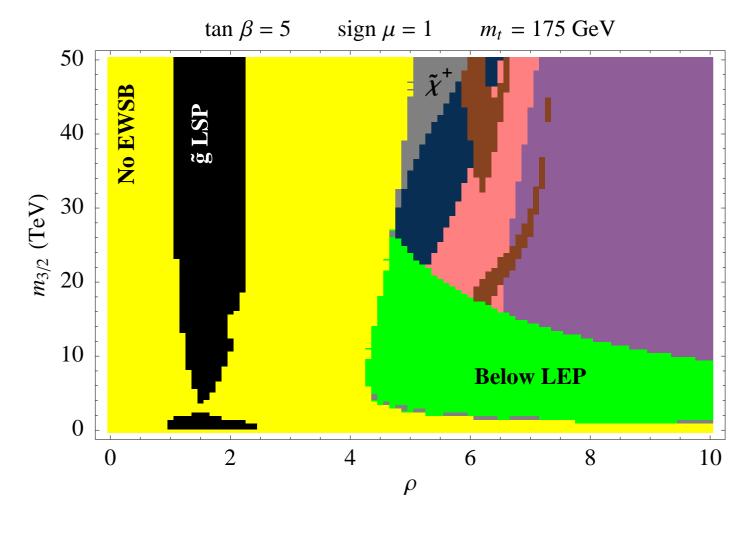
- \checkmark allows a continuous variation of ρ
- leads to potentially new contributions to sfermion masses
- gaugino masses still meet at a mirage scale
- soft scalar masses might be dominated by modulus mediation
- similar constraints on the mixing parameter



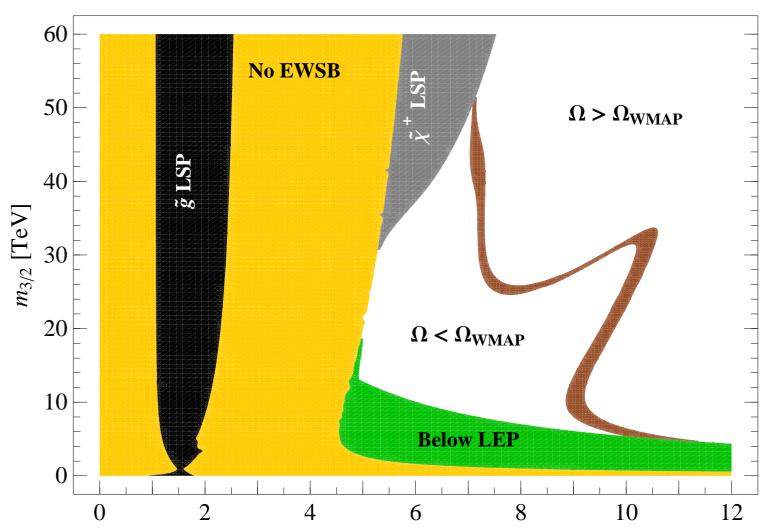
(V. Löwen, 2007)



(V. Löwen, 2007)



(V. Löwen, 2007)



Q

 $\tan\beta = 30 \qquad \eta = 4 \qquad \eta \prime = 6$

Explicit schemes III

This "relaxed" mirage mediation is rather common for schemes with F-term uplifting

(Intriligator, Seiberg, Shih; Gomez-Reino, Scrucca; Dudas, Papineau, Pokorski; Abe, Higaki, Kobayashi, Omura; Lebedev, Löwen, Mambrini, HPN, Ratz ,2006)

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Main message

- predictions for gaugino masses are more robust than those for sfermion masses
- mirage (compressed) pattern for gaugino masses rather generic

Obstacles to D-term uplifting

In supergravity we have the relation

which implies that KKLT AdS minimum cannot be uplifted via D-terms.

 $D \sim \frac{F}{W}$

(Choi, Falkowski, HPN, Olechowski, 2005)

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Moreover in these schemes we have

$$F \sim m_{3/2} M_{\text{Planck}}$$
 and $D \sim m_{3/2}^2$.

So if $m_{3/2} \ll M_{\text{Planck}}$ the D-terms are irrelevant.

(Choi, Jeong, 2006)

The string signatures

So far we have only considered Type IIB string theory compactifications. But there are also:

- Type IIA string theory
- Heterotic string theory
- M-theory on manifolds with G_2 holonomy
- Heterotic M-theory

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- Type IIA string theory
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- M-theory on manifolds with G_2 holonomy
- Heterotic M-theory

Questions:

- are there distinct signatures for the various schemes?
- can they be identified with LHC data?

(Choi, HPN, 2007)

Some important messages

Please keep in mind:

- the uplifting mechanism plays an important role for the pattern of the soft susy breaking terms
- predictions for gaugino masses are more robust than those for sfermion masses
- dilaton/modulus mediation suppressed in many cases
- mirage pattern for gaugino masses rather generic

What to expect from the LHC

At the LHC we scatter

- protons on protons, i.e.
- quarks on quarks and/or
- gluons on gluons

Thus LHC will be a machine to produce strongly interacting particles. If TeV-scale susy is the physics beyond the standard model we might expect LHC to become a

GLUINO FACTORY

with cascade decays down to the LSP neutralino.

The Gaugino Code

First step to test these ideas at the LHC:

look for pattern of gaugino masses

Let us assume the

- Iow energy particle content of the MSSM
- measured values of gauge coupling constants

$$g_1^2: g_2^2: g_3^2 \simeq 1:2:6$$

The evolution of gauge couplings would then lead to unification at a GUT-scale around 10^{16} GeV

Formulae for gaugino masses

$$\left(\frac{M_a}{g_a^2}\right)_{\text{TeV}} = \tilde{M}_a^{(0)} + \tilde{M}_a^{(1)}|_{\text{anomaly}} + \tilde{M}_a^{(1)}|_{\text{gauge}} + \tilde{M}_a^{(1)}|_{\text{string}}$$

$$\tilde{M}_a^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2} F^I \partial_I f_a^{(0)}$$

$$\tilde{M}_{a}^{(1)}|_{\text{anomaly}} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} b_a \frac{F^C}{C} - \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \sum_m C_a^m F^I \partial_I \ln(e^{-K_0/3} Z_m)$$

$$\tilde{M}_a^{(1)}|_{\text{string}} = \frac{1}{8\pi^2} F^I \partial_I \Omega_a$$

The Gaugino Code

Observe that

- evolution of gaugino masses is tied to evolution of gauge couplings
- for MSSM M_a/g_a^2 does not run (at one loop)

This implies

- robust prediction for gaugino masses
- gaugino mass relations are the key to reveal the underlying scheme

3 CHARACTERISTIC MASS PATTERNS

(Choi, HPN, 2007)

mSUGRA Pattern

Universal gaugino mass at the GUT scale

mSUGRA pattern:

 $M_1: M_2: M_3 \simeq 1: 2: 6 \simeq g_1^2: g_2^2: g_3^2$

as realized in popular schemes such as gravity-, modulus-, gauge- and gaugino-mediation

This leads to

- LSP χ_1^0 predominantly Bino
- $M_{\rm gluino}/m_{\chi^0_1}\simeq 6$

as a characteristic signature of these schemes.

Anomaly Pattern

Gaugino masses below the GUT scale determined by the β functions

anomaly pattern:

 $M_1: M_2: M_3 \simeq 3.3: 1:9$

at the TeV scale as the signal of anomaly mediation.

For the gauginos, this implies

- LSP χ_1^0 predominantly Wino
- $M_{\rm gluino}/m_{\chi^0_1}\simeq 9$

Pure anomaly mediation inconsistent, as sfermion masses are problematic in this scheme (tachyonic sleptons).

Mirage Pattern

Mixed boundary conditions at the GUT scale characterized by the parameter ρ (the ratio of anomaly to modulus mediation).

- $M_1: M_2: M_3 \simeq 1: 1.3: 2.5$ for $\rho \simeq 5$
- $M_1: M_2: M_3 \simeq 1:1:1$ for $\rho \simeq 2$

The mirage scheme leads to

- LSP χ_1^0 predominantly Bino
- $M_{\rm gluino}/m_{\chi_1^0} < 6$
- a "compact" gaugino mass pattern.

Uncertainties

String thresholds

$$\tilde{M}_a^{(1)}|_{\text{string}} = \frac{1}{8\pi^2} F^I \partial_I \Omega_a$$

Kähler corrections

$$\tilde{M}_{a}^{(1)}|_{\text{anomaly}} = \frac{1}{16\pi^{2}} b_{a} \frac{F^{C}}{C} - \frac{1}{8\pi^{2}} \sum_{m} C_{a}^{m} F^{I} \partial_{I} \ln(e^{-K_{0}/3} Z_{m})$$

Intermediate thresholds

$$\tilde{M}_a^{(1)}|_{\text{gauge}} = \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \sum_{\Phi} C_a^{\Phi} \frac{F^{X_{\Phi}}}{M_{\Phi}}$$

Various string schemes

- Type IIB with matter on D7 branes: mirage mediation (Choi, Falkowski, HPN, Olechowski, 2004)
- Type IIB with matter on D3 branes: anomaly mediation?
- Heterotic string with dilaton domination: mirage mediation (Löwen, HPN, 2008)
- Heterotic string with modulus domination: string thresholds might dominate and spoil anomaly pattern (Ibanez, HPN, 1986)
- M theory on "G₂ manifolds": Kähler corrections might spoil mirage pattern

(Acharya, Bobkov, Kane, Kumar, Shao, 2007)

Summary

In the calculation of the soft masses we get the most robust predictions for gaugino masses

• Modulus Mediation: (fWW with f = f(Moduli))

If this is supressed we might have loop contributions, e.g.

Anomaly Mediation as simplest example

Summary

In the calculation of the soft masses we get the most robust predictions for gaugino masses

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If this is supressed we might have loop contributions, e.g.

Anomaly Mediation as simplest example

How much can it be suppressed?

 $\log(m_{3/2}/M_{\text{Planck}})$

So we might expect

a mixture of tree level and loop contributions.

Conclusion

Gaugino masses can serve as a promising tool to disentangle various string schemes

- rather robust predictions
- 3 basic and simple patterns (mSugra, anomaly, mirage)
- mirage pattern rather generic
- main uncertainties from "string threshold corrections"

With some luck we might test these ideas at the LHC!